

Core facility for genotyping

Eivind Hovig^{1,2,3}



Ambition:

- To provide all necessary services within the medical domain at a competitive price
- To develop and maintain competence in medical genotyping
- To insure rapid and simple access for relevant projects

Content

- Genotyping strategies
 - Platforms
 - Linkage (family analysis)
 - Association studies
 - Copy number variation (CNV)
- Bioinformatics
 - SNP information sources
 - Tools
- Core facility services
 - Organization
 - Funding
 - Pricing
 - Capacity/availability

Single nucleotide polymorphisms

Distribution of **5.3 mill. biallelic** validated SNPs in different regions of the human genome:



- 64.5% in intergenic regions
- 33.7% in RefSeq introns
- 0.7% in RefSeq untranslated regions (utr)
- 1.1% in RefSeq exons
 - Synonymous (~0.55%)
 - Non-synonymous (~0.55%)

Platforms



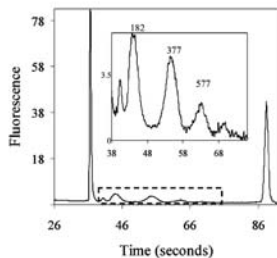
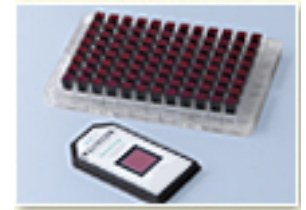
Infinium II assay provides a complete genomic solution with arrays containing from 300 000 to 1 million SNP. BeadChips come in Duo (2-sample) or Quad (4-sample) formats .



Goldegate provide assays with a focused content or custom panels. GoldenGate Panels are available in panels of 96 and 384–1,536 assays per OPA tube.



can provide both **Whole Genome** arrays for linkage analysis, association studies, population genetics, chromosomal copy number and **Targeted Genotyping** for fine mapping, and custom SNPs.

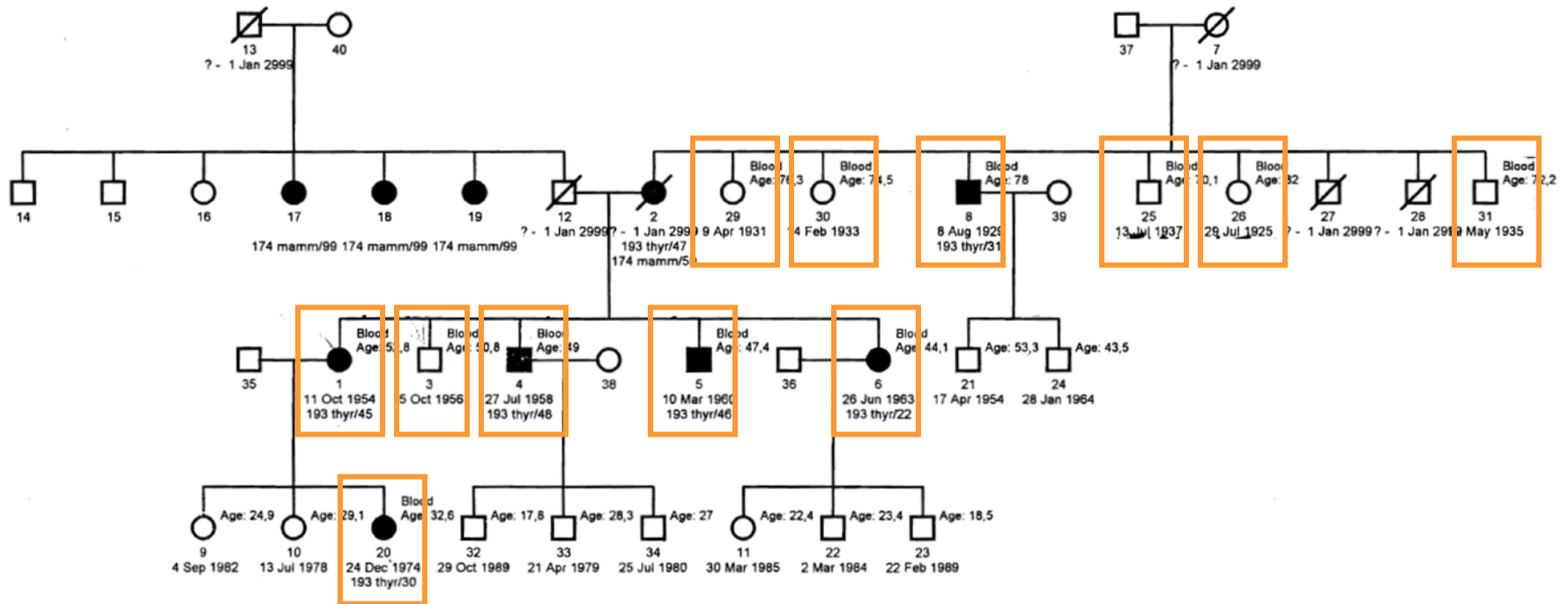


Cycling Temperature Capillary Electrophoresis is a melting gel technique modified by Per O. Ekstrøm for high-resolution capillary electrophoresis. The assay which cost effective, flexible and offers the possibility of genotyping as well as screening the target sequence for unknown DNA variants both with single samples or in bulk screening (500 samples).



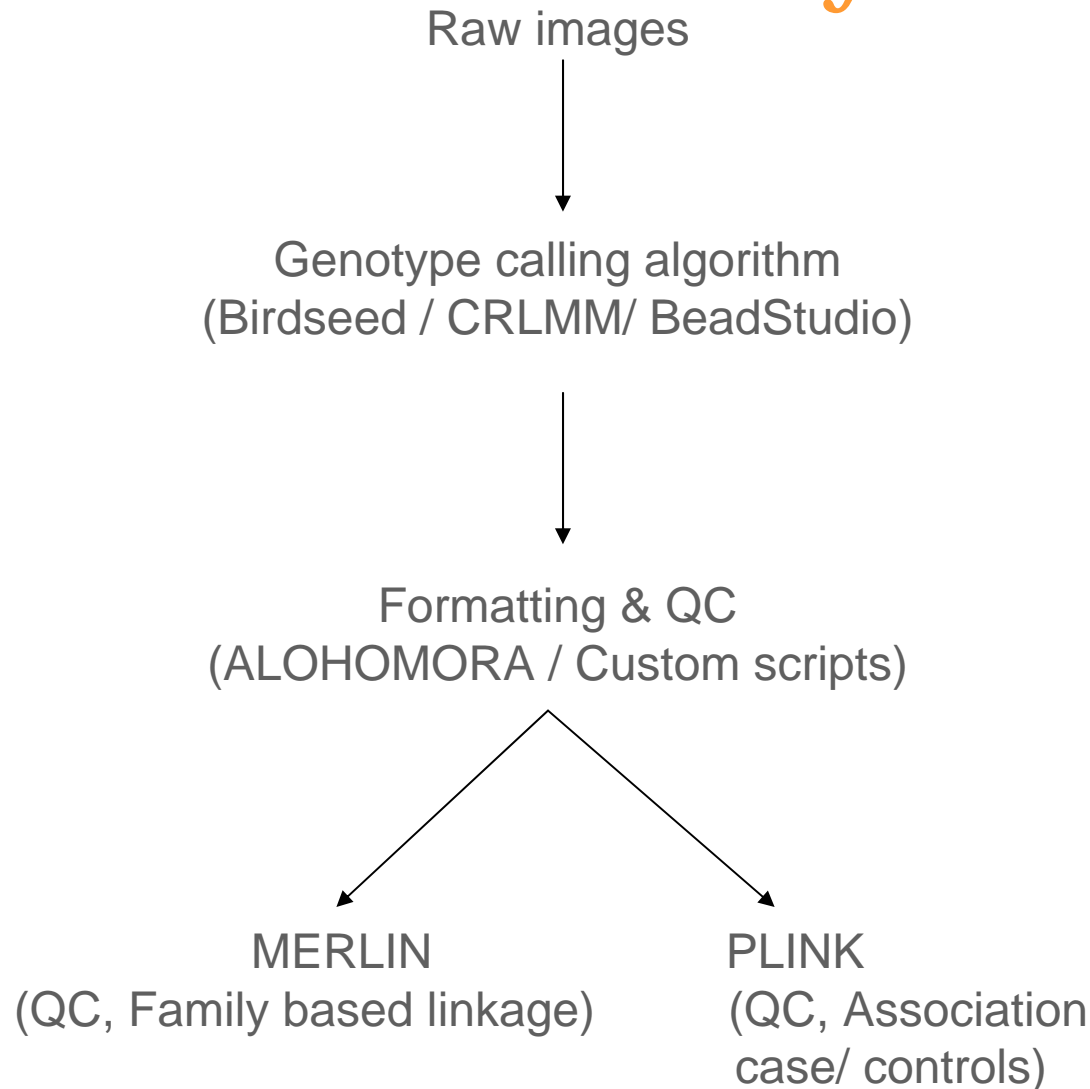
Example of use: Linkage analysis

Family with history of papillary thyroid carcinoma

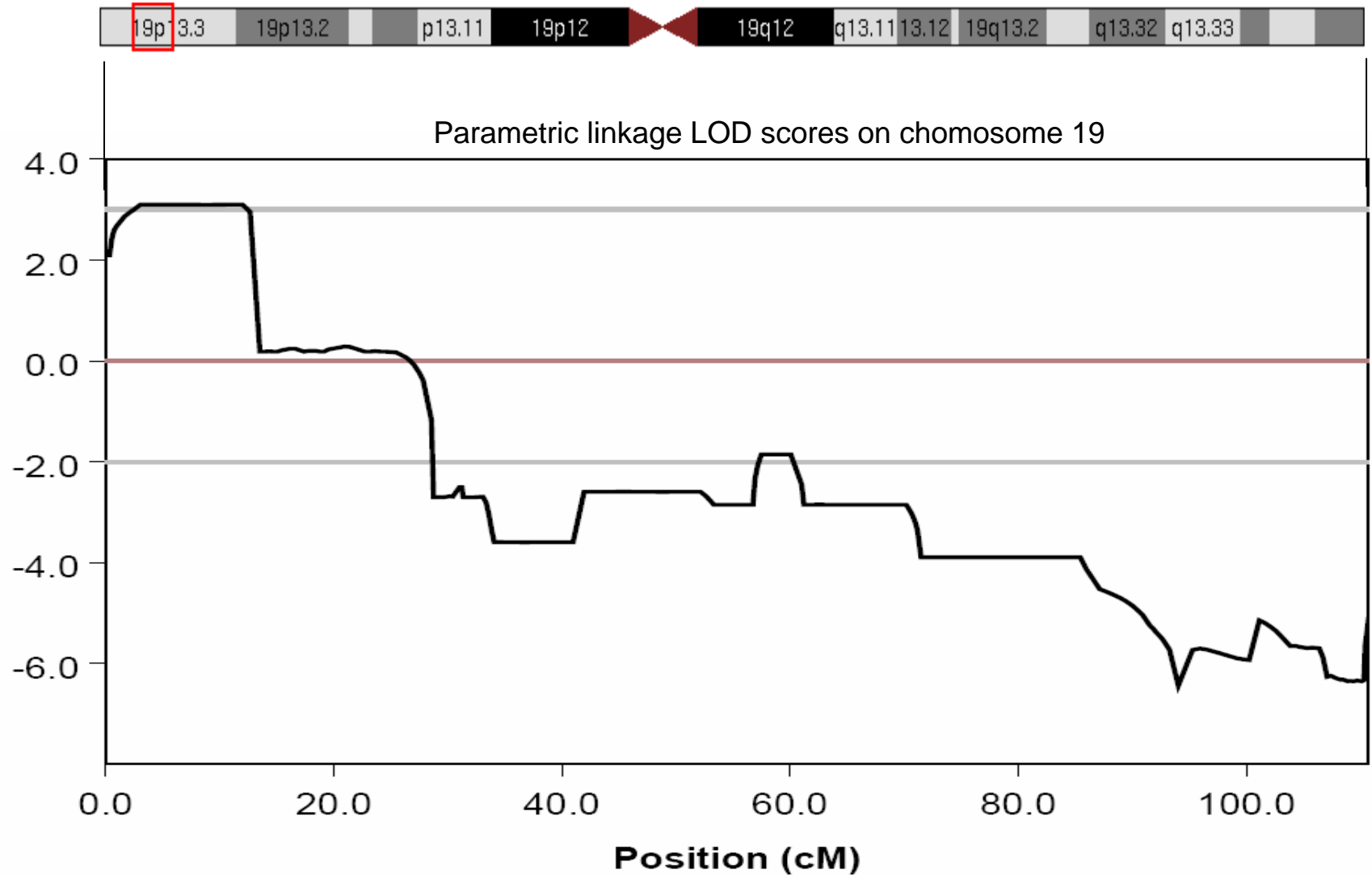


Collaboration with thyroid cancer group, and L. Mæhle, P. Møller

Pipeline for SNP arrays:

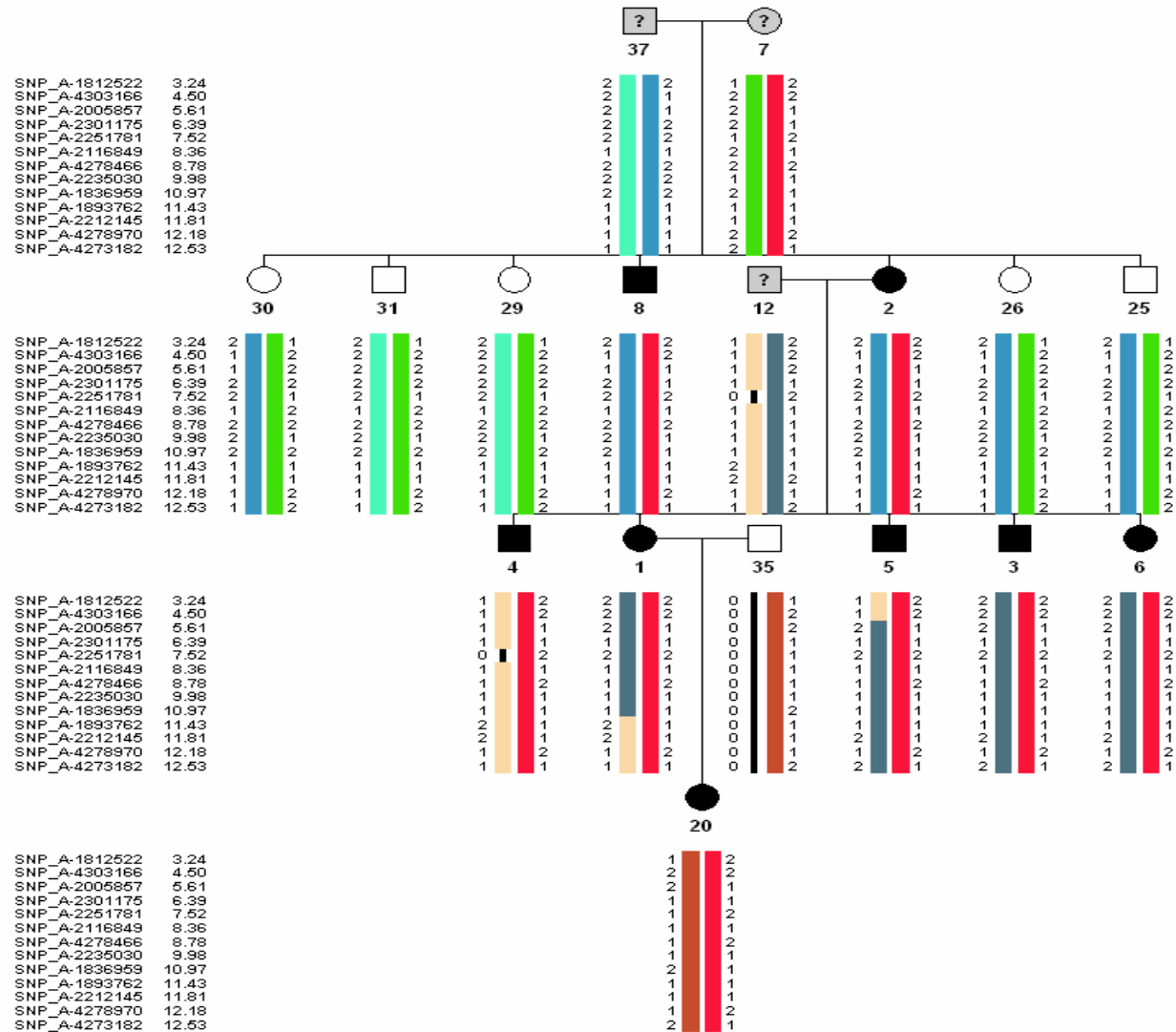


Region defined by recombination

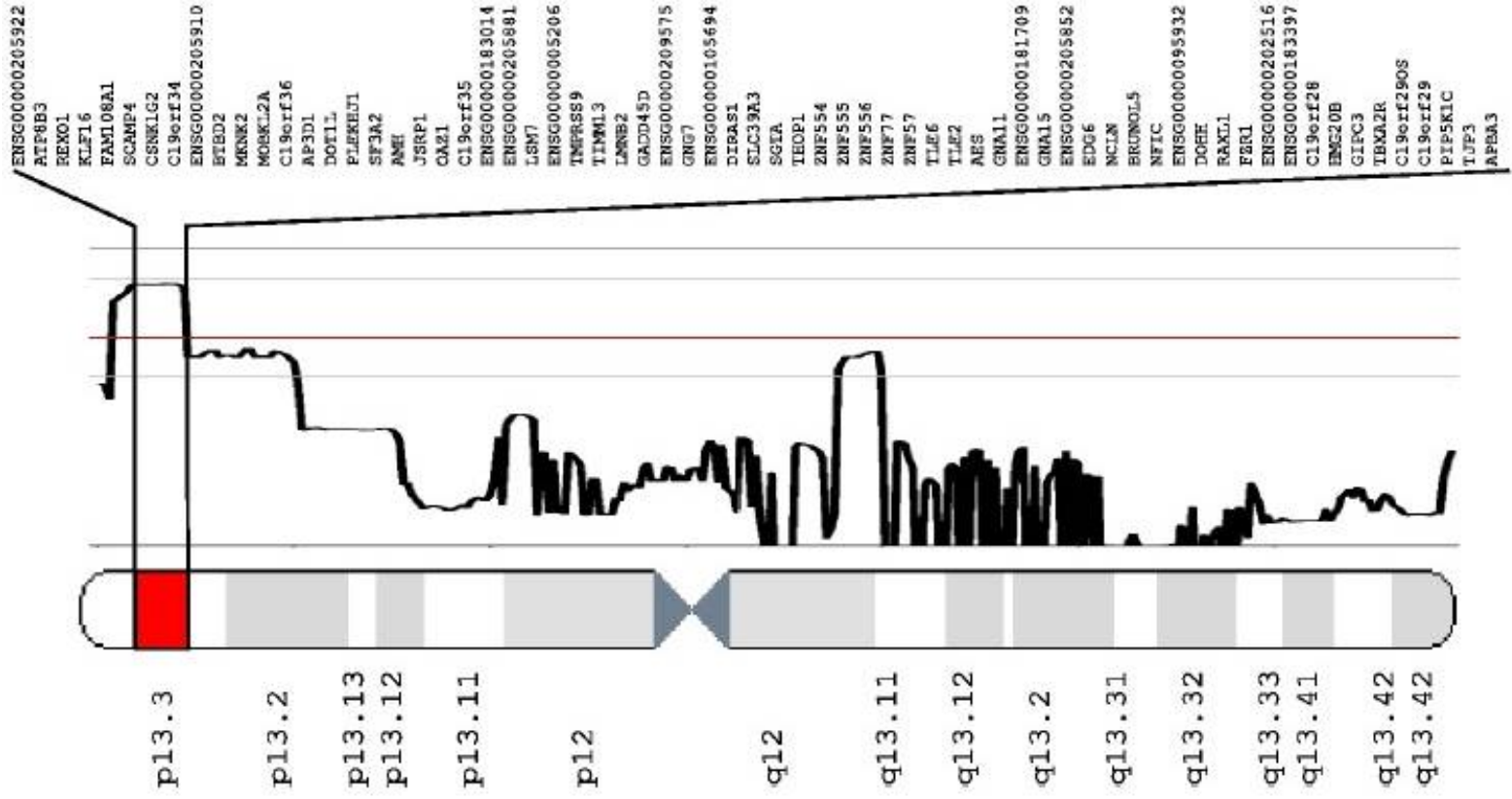


Family haplotypes

2.460.660 bases included in region



Which gene?



Priority genes:

Sequenced:

GADD45B - Growth arrest and DNA-damage-inducible protein GADD45 beta

HMG20B - SWI/SNF-related matrix-associated actin-dependent regulator of chromatin subfamily E member 1-related

DIRAS - GTP-binding protein Di-Ras1

Nothing identified so far...

Other possible candidates:

MKNK2 - MAP kinase-interacting serine/threonine-protein kinase 2

GNG7 - Guanine nucleotide-binding protein gamma-7 subunit

GNG11 - Guanine nucleotide-binding protein subunit alpha-11

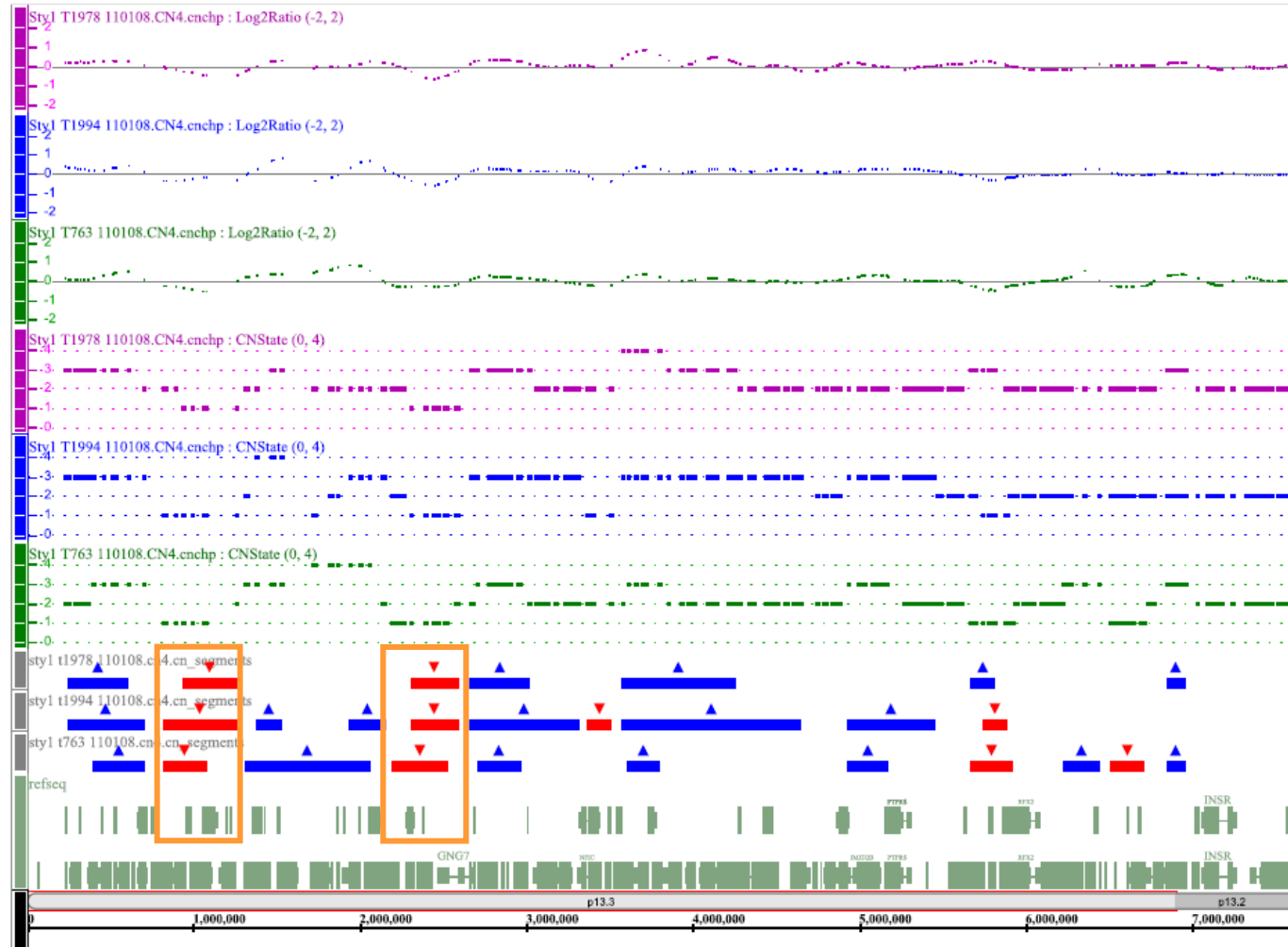
GNA15 - Guanine nucleotide-binding protein alpha-15 subunit

Help in CNV in tumors?

Chromosome 19p13.3 CNV, 3 tumor vs 12 normal tissue

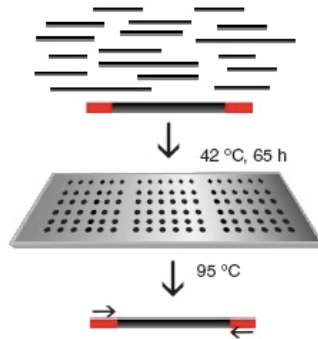
DNA extracted from paraffin sections and amplified

Thus, low call rate



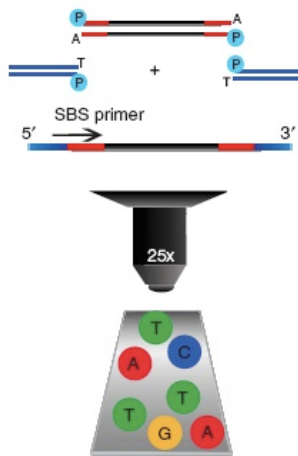
Massive sequencing option:

I. Genomic DNA preparation and hybrid selection



1. Randomly fragment high-molecular-weight DNA by sonication or nebulization.
2. Repair, blunt and phosphorylate ends.
3. Ligate linkers, denature strands and capture with 385k arrayed probes.
4. Recover selected fragments by thermal elution followed by lyophilization and PCR enrichment of ligated strands.

II. 1G sequencing



5. Blunt asymmetric capture linkers. Phosphorylate and adenylate ends. Ligate Illumina 1G-compatible adaptors. Gel purify and PCR enrich.
6. Denatured strands are injected into eight-lane flow cell. Clusters are generated from single molecules by *in situ* amplification.
7. Sequencing-by-synthesis primer is hybridized and cluster images are scanned with each successive round of fluorescent nucleotide incorporation.
8. Images are processed with Illumina base-calling software and aligned to reference.

Hybrid capture opens for selecting defined megabase regions for sequencing with high coverage

Hodges et al. Nature Genetics, 39(12) December 2007

TAACATCTGAGTGAT
GCTGAGTGATCGGTA
TGGATC GGTAACATCGCCATAATTGGCTGAGTGG
CGGTAAACATCGCCATAATTGGCTG
ACATCGCCATAATT
Exon
AGTCGCCATAAATTG
GGCTGAGTGGCCATA

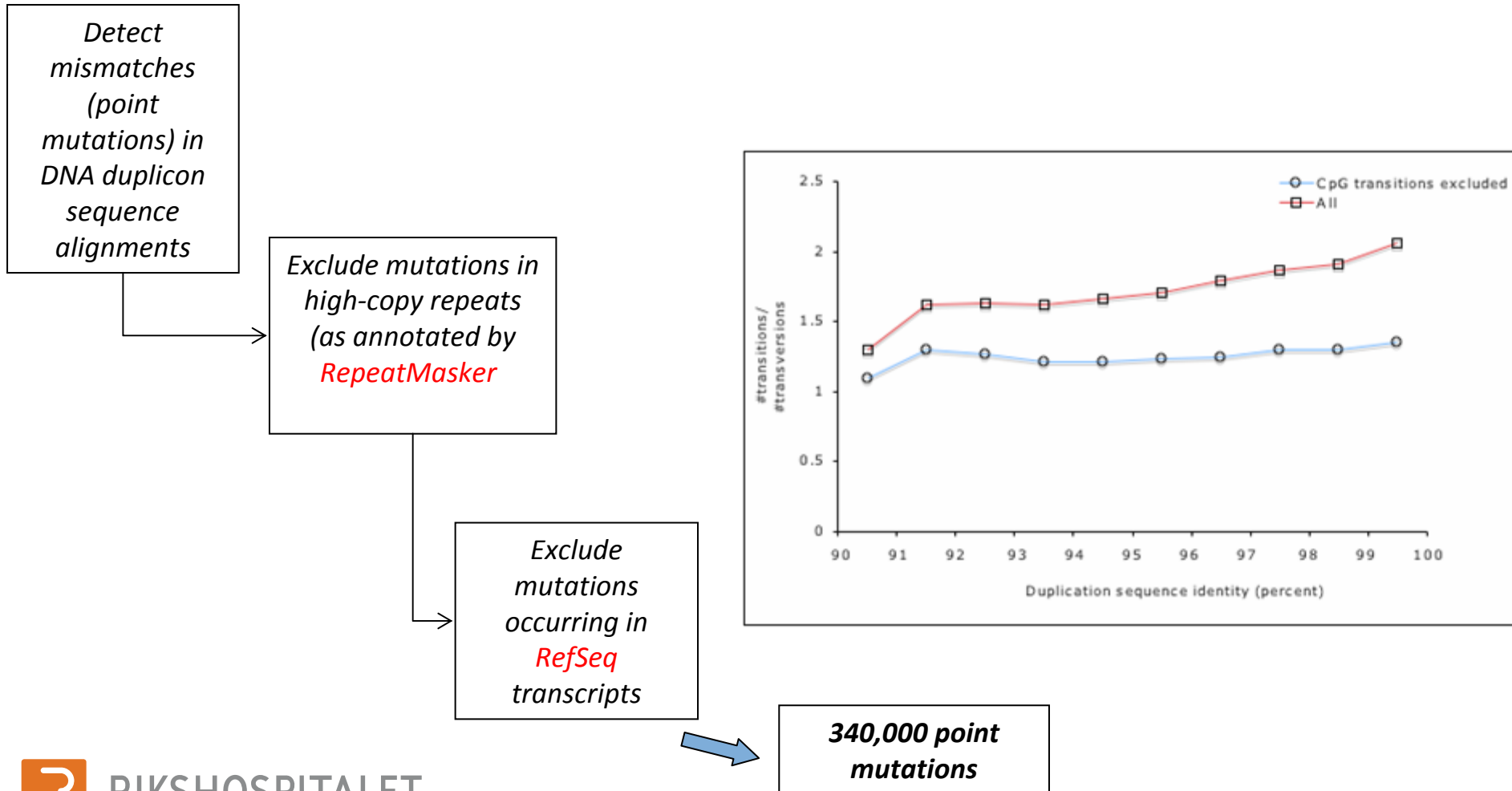


Association analyses

- Comparison of disease versus control for overrepresented markers of disease
- Complex traits require large groups for statistical power (~1000 per group)
- Requires strong statistical and bioinformatics effort
- Statistical genomics consulting (Arnoldo Frigessi and associates) through the bioinformatics core facility

SNP bioinformatics research:

Example: Mutation information from segmental duplications



Core facility service

Web: <http://core.rr-research.no>

Being organized in concert with the national resources through FUGE2, with Rikshospitalet coordinating human genotyping

Other members:

- Bergen NMC
- Trondheim NMC
- CIGENE, UMB, funded specifically with 10MNOK (responsible for production biology)
- CEES, UoO, funded for high throughput sequencing
- FUGE bioinformatics platform



Funding

Recently established and currently unfunded

Platforms through the Radium Hospital legacies and through support from the Oslo node of NMC and the Rikshospitalet microarray core facility

Thus, any project must by definition be financed by interested and willing users!

Rough pricing estimates for service:

Platform	Assay	Price per sample in NOK
Illumina Infinium II	Human1M-Duo v3.0 DNA Analysis Kit	3850,-
Certified	Human610-Quad v1.0 DNA Analysis Kit	2227,-
	HumanCNV370-Quad v3.0 DNA Analysis Kit	1657,-
Illumina Goldengate	Custom panel	312,-
Affymetrix	Genome-Wide Human SNP Array 6.0	2070,-
	Mapping 500K Array Set	2080,-
CTCE		1,- (per SNP)



Personnel

Genotyping:

Karen-Marie Heintz

Bioinformatics core:

Morten Johansen

Morten Matningsdal

Vegard Nygaard

Halfdan Rydbeck

Torbjørn Rognes

Eivind Hovig

Research:

Sigve Nakken

